DR. DEPEW'S TURN.

When Mr. Egan finished, the crowd yelled for Denew. He came forward, looking fanciful in a dress suit and a little brown cigarette hat. This is the way Mr. Reid introduced the

VOL. LX .-- NO. 45.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1892. - CONTROLL, 1892, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

# TSUI KWO YIN IMPLICATED.

LABTER BURKE'S CHARGES AGAINST

Dorumentary Pronfic be Filed at the State Chinese Concessions—Mr. Horne.

Good the Minister's Losses in the North
liver Bank, with the Understanding
that Unless He Did So the Concession
that Unless He Did So the Concession
Scheme would Fall Through—Everyhody
Scheme would Fall Through—Everyhody
Interested with the Count Offering to
Interes

ment Coming that May Implicate Other near Coming that May Implicate Other Persons in the Fraudulent Schemes.

Washington, Oct. 11. Lawrer Charles E. Burke of Broaklyn, who is here to prosecute a claim for \$85,000 against the Chinese Minister, growing out of the latter's financial ter, growing out of the latter's financial te Washington, Oct. 11. Lawrer Charles E. Burke of Brooklyn, who is here to prosecute a claim for \$85,000 against the Chinese Minister, growing out of the latter's financial transactions with "Count" Mikiewicz, has prepared a statement, which is to be filled with the Secretary of State. Mr. Burke has been in Washington for several days, endeavoring to secure the return of some valuable household furniture which "Count" Mitklewicz pur-chased from P. J. Horner of Brooklyn, but has

and was compelled to suspend, and the Chi-ness Minister stood the loser to the extent of

After the failure of the bank De Mitkiewicz went over to New York city and told Mr. Horner that the concessions which had then been granted, or were upon the eve of being granted. stood in great danger of being recalled, as the Minister was very angry over the loss of his money occasioned by the failure of the bank, and De Mitkiewicz repeatedly stated to Horner that unless he (Horner) would make good the loss of the Chinese Minister that everything would be lost. Following the visits of De Mitkiewicz came this letter from Mr. Jones to Mr. Horner:

It will be seen that the statement of Mr. Millard Jones, who was at that time a reputable reaching attorney of the city of New York, corresponded with the statement of De Mitkle-wicz, that unless the Minister's losses were made good the Chinese concession reheme would fall through, and that it would be im-

Also this one from Miller:

R. J. Hanner, GI West Twenty-third are at lock.
Have broncy to have you, but counts and wait. Minther angry. What shall do: Answer.

Jests W. Minler.

Jests W. Minler.

Jests W. Minler. A few days later and on April 10, 1891, J. W. Miller telegraphed to R. J. Horner as follows:
Pad Minister five thousand dollars 15, 0000. See you to morrow. An hour after that telegram was sent to Mr. Horner Tsui k wo Yin deposited in a Washing. An hour after that telegram was sent to Mr. Horner Tsui k wo Yin deposited in a Washington bank the sum of \$5,000 in bank bills. The amount claimed by the Minister at this time in actisfaction of his claim against the North liver Bank amounted to \$15,000 left due the Minister upward of \$5,000 left due the Minister upward of \$0,000, sones. De Mittlewicz, Miller, and all parties interested came to Horner at different times and repeatedly stated that the Minister was impatient forthe payment of the remainder of the money; that he could not be pacified, and unless the balance was obtained immediately that all the money that had been invested would be lost, as the funds the Minister had lost helonged to his tovernment, and that the Minister was personally responsible for the same; and in the carly part of May, 1881, the Chinese Minister, accompanied by his interpreter Din walked into the store of Mr. Horner and loudly and shrilly wanted to know when and where he was to get the balance of the money. He could be heard from the back of the store clear across Twenty-third street. He presented his card, which reads as follows:

### THUI KWO YIN. His Imperial Chinese Majesty's Envey Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

Mr. Horner was not in the habit of receiving savoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentary in the various department of his furbillar store. If ichadanny doubts of the truthillars of the stories of De Mittlewicz, Minister discussion of the Stories of De Mittlewicz, Minister discussion of the Minister discussion and the Minister discussion came to the city of New York, accompanied by his interpreter. He called upon the Minister would do and what he would be discussion of what he than the minister to the chilese Legation and there paid in person the following paper was executed.

and signed by the Minister and Eugene de Mitkiewicz, the original of which is on life and Mitkiewicz, the original of which is on the and in the possession of the receiver of the North River Bank.

ABTER BERKE'S CHARGES AGAINST
THE CHINESE MINISTER.

Commentary Proof to be Filed at the States of Chinese (Liver Each Shockers Miller in the Minister was Interested with Count Mikiewicz and Mikiewi

washington for several days, endeavoring to secure the return of some valuable household ferniture which "Count" Mikkewicz purchased from B. J. Horner of Brooklyn, but has failed to par for. The statement prepared by Mr. Burke, which is fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties concerned, he thinks fall of interesting correspondence between the parties of Mr. Horner, to the Count in the theory is a synopsis of Mr. Horner, offered to turn upon the store of Mr. Horner, offered to turn u

inabit of telegramphing Tomes from various points concerning the movements of Col. Shepard and himself. On May 21, 1892, he sent the following telegram to Tomes:

Going to Virgins telegram to Tomes:

Coine Isbepara. With not return for one week.

On June 10, 1892, he telegraphed from Wilmington depot as follows:
Colonel as with me on train.

Ecarse of Mirkiewicz.

This fologram was intended to carry out the statement that I we Mitkiewicz was actively interested with Col. Shepard in getting the concessions from China, and he had stated to Tomes the day following; and it is a face that Col. Shepard in getting the control washington to see the Chinese Misster on the day following; and it is a face that Col. Shepard in the Count's purse, were seen there by Mr. W. L. Beadnell, who has also contributed to the Count's purse.

Pear Sin: Blair has been confirmed Minister to China. There were some actively in this purse, who has also contributed to the Count's purse.

Pear Sin: Blair has been confirmed Minister to China. I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have sainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our thingse friend in Chinago. The Count leaves for the "Minister to China I have rainished our things friend to the find provided to the steps leading up from the covered drivews."

The crowd cheered and Mr. Balate tends of the steps leading up from the covered drivews.

The crowd cheered and Mr. Balate friend of my party, and the following the first prov

He again says in a letter addressed to a gentleman in New York:

\*\*Characteristic Hussey, West Poist, July 12, 1892.

I regres could not do as expected, I am here with the drants, and, if inhibition dun't strike again, will get you not of the hole in a few days. Piesae don't lose you head and heart, Will see the Colone in a few days, and then will pay you. Sincerely,

DE MINISTEEL.

The Count had as his associate in his horse racing in the city of New York one Edward Gay White, who is now a reporter on the Rocky Monatan News in Lenver, who of his own volition on Oct. 3, 1822, woole to Mr. Arthur L. Tomes the following letter:

y bran Sig. With the New York papers of the 20th Corresponded with the statement of De Mitklewicz, hat unless the Minister's losses were made good the Chinese concession rehame wild fail through and that it would be impossible for the parties interested to get into Dishib for the parties of the Minister of Chinese of the Minister of Dishib for the Minister of Dishib for the Minister of Dishib for the Minister of the Loss of the Minister of Dishib for the Minister of Secretary in the same there of a substants being a substant and a substants being a substant and a substant being a

## AN UTTERANCE FROM BLAINE.

HE READS A SHORT SPEECH TO MR. III ID'S NEIGHBORS AT OPHIR

Ry Lamplight on the Porch of the Candidate's Mansion-Good Times Under Protection His Text, and an Appeal Made to the Irish Vote-Minister Egan and Dr. Dep:w atso Talk to the Westchester Folks and Mr. Reld Says a Few Words

- Mr. I laine Not Likely to Speak Again, Mr. Blaine has made his speech, and made it at Ophir Farm. It was arranged unexpect-At 5 o'clock vesterday afternoon Mr. Reid

was informed that the White Plains Blaine Club would be out in the evening and sere-nade Mr. Blaine. The colored Republican club sent word that it was going out to Ophir l'arm, too. The word was passed along the country roads, and Mr. Reid knew that that meant a crowd. He went into the library. where Mr. Blaine was talking to Mrs. Reid. and announced the programme.
"Well." said Mr. Blaine, laughing. "then I

guess I'li have to make a speech."
"Good," said Mr. Reld, "and we will have Chauncey make a speech, too."
"All right," Mr. Blaine said; "let's have a

jolly night." He then dictated a speech to Mr. Reid's typewriter, but she was so overpowered at the thought of the greatness thrust upon her that that speech did not get into the shape Mr. Blaine wanted it in until the moment before he delivered it, at 0:20 c'clock.

All this fell in happily with other arrangements Mr. Reld had made. He was to have a dinner party of high political dignitaries, and the afternoon train brought down, each with his dress-suit case in his hand, this distinguished company: Chauncey M. Depew, Na-tional Committeeman Garrett A. Hobart of New Jersey, National Committeeman R. C. Kerens of Missouri, National Committeeman William A. Hahn of Ohio, ex-Collector W. H. Robertson, C. W. Hackett, Chairman of the State Campaign Committee, State Committeeman William Brookfield, Patrick Egan, Minister to Chill, and Solomon Hirsch, ex-Minister to Turkey. Warner Miller and Samuel Fessenden were asked, but did not arrive.

These gentlemen were still at dinner when the people began arriving in stages and all kinds of farm vehicles, and at 0 o'clock the two political clubs, brave with uniforms, torches, and fifes and drums, came, eager to hear Mr. Blaine's first speech of the campaign.

head.

Mr. Blaine read his speech slowly, in a firm, distinct voice, rausing leisurely for the applicate, which was generous. The good citizens of Westchester laughed when Mr. Blaine spoke of the condition of the country, as depicted by the Democrats, as "deplorable indeed."

deed. This is what he said. His verbal changes from the type-written text included:

MR. BLAINE'S SPRECH. FELLOW CITIZENS OF NEW YORK: I should be churlish indeed if I did not make response to your call after you have come several miles to this beautiful home of Mr. Reid on a pleasant October evening. At the same time I am not making speeches in the canvass, for reasons which are well known to my friends and which have no connection whatever with poli-tics. ties. Generally, administrations in a Presidential

# REPUBLICANS BRIGHTEN UP.

think I must rely on him to intercede with his countrymen—his, countrymen in a double sonse—not to aid the Democratic party in lowering the standard and the wages of American labor by their potential votes and their potential numbers.

When Mr. Blaine finished reading he howed and retired to the house.

Mr. Bield then called for "three good Westchester cheers for Blaine."

They were given, and three more and again three more. NEW CRY AGAINST CLEFELAND.

Proclaiming to All the Earth that He chester cheers for Blaine."
They were given, and three more and again three more.
Then the crowd called for Mr. Egan. Mr. Reid turned around, but could not see Mr. Egan. The crowd could, and continued to call for Egan. Mr. Reid looked for Mr. Depew. It was a trying moment for Mr. Reid. He wanted Mr. Benew to speak, but the crowd wanted Mr. Egan.
It is said to be the first time on record that a Westchester crowd ever called for any one before Mr. Benew. But it continued to do so, and Mr. Reid at last triumphantly discovered the Minister to Chill. Mr. Reid dragged Mr. Egan to the front, and said:

"I have the pleasure of presenting to you the United States Minister to Chill, his Excellency Patrick Egan."

MINISTER EGAN. SPEARS.
The crowd cheered his Excellency, who said: Snubbed the Grand Army on Wednesday -The Democratic Committee is Really On: of Money-Men who Gave Liberally Four Years Aco Button their Pockets.

The Republicans at Mr. Carter's bureau and the State machinists, directed by Chairman Hackett, were in an exceedingly amiable yesterday. Additional funds have poured in to Treasurer Cornellus N. Bliss, the campaigners of both bureaus had got a new cry against the Democrats, based on Mr. Cleveland's alleged neglect to salute the Grand Army veterans during the military parade on Wednesday, but above and beyond these was the announcement that the Hon James G. Blaine was to speak out loud for Harrison and Reid.

MINISTER EGAN SPEARS,

The crowd cheered his Excellency, who said:

"There is an unwritten law of our Department of State which prevents me from entering, as much as I would like to, upon the question Mr. Blaine mentioned in connection with my name. As to the Chili matter, I can simply say I endeavored to carry out what I considered to be the principles of the Republican party."

The crowd cheered again, and Mr. Egan Said: Mr. Blaine was not to come to New York city. but to speak from the porch of Mr. Reid's house Ophir Farm, White Plains. It was from this porch that President Harrison spoke on his visit to Mr. Reid a month ago. Mr. Blaine's speech will be found in another column.

The crowd cheered again, and Mr. Egan said:

When trouble prose in Chili I was not left long in doubt as to the policy of the Republican party. I was instructed to ilrmly insist that all due courtesy should be shown me, as the official representative of the United States.

When the unfortunate Paltimore affair arose I received a ringing despaten instructing me as to my course. It was in accordance with that despatch that I made my communication to the dovernment of Chili. I wrote my communication not in the terms, but in the very words of my instructions, and I have since been vilitled for its a vulgar piece of work.

"I have since learned that my instructions were penned by the highest authority in the The Republican National Committee proposes through Dave Martin and his friends to make a house-to-house canvass, as it were. It was sunounced at Mr. Carter's bureau that it was probably not generally known to the people of New York city that the proprietors or tenants of every house, hotel, and lodging house are required by the laws of the State. under penalty of fine and imprisonment, to answer all questions put by any electors of the "I have since learned that my instructions were penned by the highest authority in the land. Whatever credit is due for our part in the controversy with Chill is not due me; it is due President Harrison. We have taught a lesson not alone to Chill, but to all South America. They now understand that the flag and the uniform of the United States cannot be insulted without retribution following." city relating to the residence and qualifications as a voter of any person living at the houses or alleged by the registry lists to live there.

Mr. Carter proposes to call for the enforce ment of this law. It was announced that it is not unlikely that many thousands of tenants, during the next few days, will be questioned as to their residence, and as to what their rights as voters may be; and if they do not reply under the provisions of this act (new election code, page 153, extract from laws, 1890, chapter 321, section 15) warrants will be issued for their arrest, and they will be prosecuted for violation of the law.

The Republicans insist that this is no Force bill business, but that they will act according to the laws of the State of New York, and that their action will be part of a determined effort to prevent incligible persons from voting.

in a dress suit and a little brown cigarette het. This is the way Mr. Reid introduced the Doctor:

"There is just one thing left that West-chester wants, and that is Chauncey."

From the way the people cheered they evidently did want Chauncey. He said:

"There are only two conditions of perfect happiness, one is to live in Peekskill, the other in Westchester."

That made the crowd merry at the start.

"Mr. Reid has frequently informed me that if he were to be bern again he would be born here. But there is a fly in our amter, a rift within our lute: we must loan Mr. Reid to Washington for four years."

Dr. Depsw kept the crowd merry talking about Westchester for a long time. The last thing about it he said was:

"Our Revolutionary forefathers caught Andre in Westchester. Andre was the first free trader who ever set foot on American soil, and Westchester will treat all free traders as she treated Andre."

Speaking of Mr. Egan the Doctor said:

"Providence in some of its mysterious methods always arranges to put an Irishman where there is to be a row. Egan went to Chill for us, accepted the row there in true Irish spirit, and taught those people that if they really wanted a first-class row he would give them one which would not leave them a grease spet on which they could have their epitaph written."

The Doctor rather astonished his hearers by saying that Blaine was flereely hated all over the foreign world for his reciprocity policy. He also said that Blaine had "struck out reciprocity from the unknown in politics."

He came back to Westchester by saying:
"In Revolutionary times the cowboys and skinners—they call them Democrats now—roamed ever these hills." He concluded by a tribute to his hear, and neidentally mentioned Mr. Harrison.

MR. REID SPRAMS AGAIN.

Then there were cries for Mr. Reid.

That gentleman emerged from the growd The Republicans, as already said, are making the most of ex-President Cleveland's alleged discourtesy to the Grand Army veterans during the military parade on Wednesday. There are two versions of Mr. Cleveland's conduct on that occasion. One is that he turned his back while some of the Grand Army posts were passing, and the other is that he left the stand before the veterans had all gone by.

The Grand Army men are an exceedingly touchy lot, and the Republicans have seized the incident fo incite them to indignation. They have sent all through the State a report of Mr. tlevelands alleged conduct and this, together with previous documents, telling of Mr. Cleveland's desire to return the rebei bat-

Mr. Cleveland's desire to return the rebel battle flags, has made the Democratic managers somewhat nervous.

Chairman Harrity's bureau, in an effort to offset the effect, issued yesterday a pamphlet on "The Attitude of Cleveland to the War Veteran." The newspapers were requested to print as much of this document as possible this morning. Part of the pamphlet refers to a comment made by Editor George W. Childs of the Philadelphia Ledger. Mr. Childs said during the Cleveland Administration, when the Republicans were raising a hue and cry over Mr. Cleveland's pension veloes:

In this private p-nsion business the President Cleveland.

AR. REID SPEARS AGAIN.

Then there were cries for Mr. Reid.
That gentleman emerged from the crowd and said: "Who shall speak after the King?" Above all, who shall speak after three kings?" Some one said that that was a good hand.
Mr. Reid did not make a political speech.
He talked about the Revolutionary spirit in Westchester, and regretted that Mr. Blaine was so much of a veteran in campaigning that he would have to be excused from shaking hands with everybody. But if everybody would come in the house his other guests would help welcome them on behalf of Mr. Blaine.

Then there was a great crush to get into the over Mr. Cleveland's pension vetoes:

In this private pension business the President (Cleveland) has been engaged in correcting the errors of Convress. He has done it at the risk of having his motives misrepresented, his conduct denounced, his parietism questioned, his popularity impaired; but conscious of being right, determined to do right, he has gone regolities; on in the fauthful discharge of his duty.

That is what he should be encouraged to continue to do, and by no others more than the brave men who fought the battles of their country, and who should now stand shoulder to shoulder with the Commander to the fact of the country.

would help welcome them on behalf of Mr. Blaine.

Then there was a great crush to get into the beautiful half. The political dignitaries shook hands with the people, and then every one went home.

The word at Ophir is that Mr. Blaine's first speech in this campaign will also be his last.

DOCKING THE TAIL MECESSARY.

So Dr. Zutil Claims in the Cruelty Case Which Me has Appealed.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—The docking of the tail of the horse belonging to Mrs. Caroline M. Brooks, on Sept. 24, by Dr. W. L. Zutill, professor of veterinary surgery and obstotrics in the University of Pennsrivania, will go through the courts before final settlement as to its alleged cruelty.

The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, and extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, saying: The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance, the sample gives and extraction for our worthy veterment. The pamphlet further gives an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of neceptance and the ran consideration fo

University of Pennsylvania, will go through the courts before final settlement as to its alleged cruelty.

The woman's branch of the Society to Prevent Cruelty to Animals, learning what he had done, prosecuted him and Mrs. Brooks before Magistrate McCarty, who fined them each \$25 for "wanton cruelty." The Doctor refused to take courts. Dr. Zuill feels that he was justified in performing the operation because of the diseased condition of the tail. He said to a reporter to-day:

"I have always opposed the needless docking of horses' tails, and so I have always taight mp students. In my clinies so strongly to I feel about unnecessary cruelty to animals I have never even cut the tails and ears of puppies.

"While there is not 100th part of the pain associated with this sort of work thatfines N. P. C. A. would have people believe, I hold that tail docking and ear cutting are offices to be performed by the hostler or the groom, not by the veterinarian.

"But when a horse's tail is diseased, when there is a timor on it, or a running sore, or a bad swelling that makes it bensitive, then it is the surgeon's dute to remove the disease.

"This is all that I did to Mrs. Brooks's horse, and if the S. P. C. A. thinks that it can stop me from doing this in the future the society will ind itself very much mistaken.

"This is how the thing occurred. Mrs. Brooks came to me and said she had a bay horse with a very sensitive tail. He was constantly switching the tail about, hitting the dashboard, the reims, and the swingistres, and the sightest contact with these things hurt him, and he crouded down and prepared to kick. Several times he did kick, done considerable damage.

"I self that I would examine his tail and "The sight has been so of the bitterest on record." The sight has been so of the bitterest on song it will be contacted the server.

The segntlemen have the amounts received are small and are soon uses. These men decline to its the surgeon's direct the society will inditactly experiments and the swing stream of the cont

members of the committee that they have personal grievances.

Money is needed in Indiana immediately. The fight against the Democrats in the Hoosier State is one of the bitterest on record. The Republicans are led by Charles N. Fairbanks, for many years the chief lieutenant of Judge Gresham. Fairbanks is a rich man, and he is personally ambitious to carry the State. His aim is to secure the Legislature also, and in that event he will make a fight to be sent to the United States Senate.

The Democratic National Finance Committee had a meeting in the Hoffman House in the afternoon, which lasted far into the evening. The members reported that Democrats who had been accustomed to contribute were either out of town or could not be brought to see the urgent need for funds. The Hepublicans seoff at the stories of the poverty of the Democrats, but the Democratic National Committeemen in this instance only wished they were bluffling.

There were two happy men in town. Macgrane Coxe. Chalrman of the Campaign Committee of the Democratic Citic, has corralled Wayne MacVeagh for a speech at Cooper Union on Wednesday night. The meeting will be under the direction of the Democratic Cith, John S. Smith of the Republican Club, John S. Smith of the Republican Club, John S. Smith of the Republican Club, Las Mr. MacVeagh. The thio man will rick into the Democratically and will pitch into his old friends the Republicans. The two events promise to be practically an oratorical combat, and the man who says the

The two events promise to the practically an oratorical combat, and the man who says the sharpest things will be the winner.

### The Case in a Nutshell, Republican platform: Protection to Ameri-

can industries.

Democratic Platform: Tariff for revenue

The first means goods used in America are resterday directing the who to produce the children in court.

The New York Central has the only natural grade in the country. It is practically a water level one from the answages earned here, the country of the practically a water level one from the country. It is practically a water level one from the way was a sarried in Europe.

Which shall it be?—Ada.

# ASSAULTED BY DRIVERS.

One Cutcome of the Undertaker-Conchme Row in Jersey City. Michael Alexander of 300 Seventh street.

Jersey City, was brutally assaulted last night by four members of the Coach Drivers' Union. The assault is the outcome of the fight between the drivers and the undertakers. Alexander was formerly employed by Hugh Coyle, President of the Undertakers' Association. He now owns his own coach, but is not a member of the union. He was at Mr. Coyle's place in Newark avenue about 7 o'clock waiting to see Coyle. Undertaker William J. Moran, Secretary of the Undertakers' Association, was also there.

Alexander and Moran went across the street to Conniff's saloon, at Newark avenue and First street. They were followed by four union men who are employed by Patrick Me-Kenna, an undertaker at First street and Jersey avenue. On entering the barroom the

sey avenue. On entering the barroom the four men began to abuse Moran and Alexander, calling them seabs and other names that would not look well in print. Moran was not inclined to have any trouble, and walked out. Alexander was not in a quarrelsome mood either, and he started to follow Moran, but stopped to light a cigar.

As he was going toward the door the four men, he says, made a simultaneous attack upon him. They knocked him down and kicked him about the head and body, and he thinks that but for the interference of the proprietor of the saloon they would have killed him. Moran want back and they threatened him, but he succeeded in getting Alexander out and taking him over to Coyle's. Alexander a face, head, and body bear conspicuous evidence of the treatment he received.

After he had his wounds dressed he went before Justice Martinez and procured warrants for the arrest of his assailants, William O'Donnell of 147 Hopkins avenue, Joseph Fitzimmons, Michael Carrigan, and another whose name he does not know. O'Donnell was arrested last night, and placed under \$500 for examination. Moran also made complaints against the men for threatening his life.

## EATERS OF RAW FISH.

A World's Fair Expedition to Labrador Boston, Oct. 14.-The schooner Evelena. Capt. William McConnell, arrived here to-day with the Labrador expedition which was sent cut by the management of the World's Fair last June to secure an exhibit. W. D. Vincent and R. G. Taber, who are in charge, report success. The summer was spent in coasting Labrador from Esquimaux Bayto the northern extremity of the peninsula, and very complete

Labrador from Esquimanus Bayto the northern extremity of the peninsula, and very complete collections were secured of everything of interest in the department of ethnology and archerology. They were assisted by Lyle Vincent and J. D. Sornberger, Cambridge naturalist, in making botanical and geological collections for the exhibit, and Prol. W. M. Reed of Harvard College Observatory, who accompanied them, has made several additions to shift of the exhibit, and Prol. W. M. Reed of Harvard College Observatory, who accompanied them, has made several additions to shift of the exhibit, and provided the exhibit and provided the exhibit and provided the exhibit and stations of the exhibit and stations of the exhibit of the ex offers were declined, the people here believing themselves able to cope with any band of outlaws that might come forward.

This morning despatches were sent to towns along the line of the railroad in the Indian Territory, and it was learned that no unusual bodies of men had been seen. It is now believed that the Lodge despatch and the letter to Klochr, signed "A Member of the Dalton Gaug," were forgeries.

# A GIRL'S RODY IN THE RIVER. The Name Mary Parson to India Ink on

The body of a young woman, about 20 years old, who in lifetime must have been pretty, was found yesterday morning by Policeman Merz of the West 100th street station floating in the North River at the foot of West Eightyninth street. The body was that of a rather stout girl. 5 feet 1 inch in height, with light brown hair, brown eyes, and well-preserved teeth. She wore a black cloth sack, blue and brown skirt, black and white muslin waist, white underwear with needlework at the bottom, black cotton stockings, and russet shoes.

About her waist was a perforated belt. On

About her waist was a perforated belt. On her chemise was the name Mary Larson in India ink, but there was nothing to indicate her address. One cout in money and a cheap pin were the only things on her person.

F. G. Hobbs, a real estate agent having an office at 284 Columbus avenue and residing at 25 West Eighty-fourth street, identified the body last night as that of Mary Larsen, 22 years old, a native of Sweden. He said that she had committed suicide. He also stated that she had lived at 25 West Eighty-fourth street. The dead girl's sister, he said, is Mrs. Annie Flanagan of Millertown, N. J.

WANTED TO DANCE LONGER,

The Janitor Turned Out the Lights, and Cooper Assaulted Him. New BRUNSWICE. Oct. 14 .- Matthias Deiner. 69 years old, is lying in a dangerous condition

as a result of an attack on him to-day by George Cooper, a notorious character here, early yesterday morning. Deiner is the janitor of Turn Hall, and was on a ladder putting out the lights after an all-

on a ladder putting out the lights after an allnight dance. Cooper came up, and, because
the mainter refused to allow the dance to
continue any longer, pulled him off the stepladder.
The old man fell to the floor heavily and was
picked up unconscious. His left arm was
broken and he was internally injured. The
police are looking for Cooper. The doctors
say that Deiner cannot live.

FOUND A HUSBAND AT BIOUX FALLS. Mrs. Mackey's New Flance, Paul Wilkes. a Lawyer, Not an Actor. The family of Mrs. Margaret Hone Mackay.

who was divorced on Wednesday at Sloux Falls from her husband, Archibald K. Mackay, admit that she is engaged to be married. They do not expert the ceremony to take place so soon as has been announced. Her new husband, Paul Wilses, is not an actor, but a weathy Californian. He is a lawyer and met Mrs. Mackay at Seax Falls, where he was passing the summer.

Henry L. Cole of 535 Washington avenue, Brouklyn, was awakened early yesterday morning by a noise in the lower part of the house and, getting up, hurrled down stairs, house and, getting up, hurried down stairs, reaching the basement in time to see a burgiar flying through the front door.

Mr. tole found that the burgiar fluid entered the house by breaking a pane of glass in the back parlor window and showing back the catch. There were blood stains around showing that he had cut his hands on the glass. A quantity of silverware was bundled up ready for removal, but the burgiar had only time to carry off two silver napkin rings and a silver sugar spoon.

## ALLEGED FRAUDS IN SUGAR

PRICE TWO CENTS.

FRANCIS G. HEWITT INDICIED FOR BRIBING WEIGHER SIMONDS.

Imonds in State's Evidence, and Says that Hewitt Paid Ilim \$2 a Thousand, Ponade for Underweight of Sugars Imported by Three Big New York Firms Under the Old Tariff and Sold by Them to the Trust.

Francis C. Hewitt, City Weigher, of 100 Wall street, was arrested yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Holmes, the United States Grand Jury having indicted him for bribery. It is alleged that he bribed ex-United States Weigher Edward W. Simonds. on a number of dates between November, 1888. and April, 1800, to underweigh cargoes of sugar. The indictment contains eighteen counts, and says that the sugar was consigned as follows:

Consigner. Date of Arrival. Vessel.
H. Trowbridge's Sons. March 31, 1890. Bark Monaita,
L. W. & P. Armstrong. April 11, 1890. Bark Morning

George R. McDougall .. April 3, 1890 .... Ss. Tropic. II, Trowbridge's Sons. April S, 1890....Bark Atlantic, L. W. & P. Armstrong. April 28, 1890...Bark Albert

I. W. & P. Armstrong May C. 1800 ..... Bark Bising L. W. & P. Armstrong June 12, 1890 .... Bark Clara Wil-

H. Trowbridge's Sons .. May 12, 1890 ... Brig Robers H. Trowbridge's Sons. June 19, 1890. . Brig Reindeen. L. W. & P. Armstrong, Sept. 22, 1890. . Bares Pearland

H. Trowbridge's Sons .. June 30, 1890 ... Brig Easter # L. W. & P. Armstrong July 24, 1800 ... Barks Pearl and Mabel Thomas

H. Trowbridge's Sons. July 10, 1860. Brig Victoria.

H. Trowbridge's Sons. July 8, 1890. Brig Victoria.

H. Trowbridge's Sons. July 18, 1899. Brig Britannic.

11. Trowbridge's Sons July 25, 18:0. ... Bark Golden Fleece. H. Trowbridge's Sons. Aug. 19, 1890. ... Hark Atlantic. I. Trewbridge's Sous. Sept. 2, 1890 .... Bark America. The amounts involved in the alleged frauds are very large. The sugar was sold to the Sugar Trust by the importers. Their share in the transactions is now being investigated. The sugar was supposed to be weighed by Simonds in the Interest of the Government, and later by Hewitt, acting for the importers, and by a weigher employed by the Sugar Trust. Simonds alleges that Hewitt paid him

WARM FOR OCT. 14.

The Weather Han Been Remarkably Screne for a Week.

But for the multicolored leaves and the autumnal haze along the horizon, vesterday would have seemed much like a day in mid-summer. Folks who didn't want to perspire vore their overcoats on their arms, and nearly everybody walked with the languid air obly everybody walked with the languid air observable usually on a warm spring day. It was not quite warm enough to beat the record for Oct. 14, but it did get ahead of any day of that date since 1883, when the thermometer registered 80°. It stopped at 78° yesterday, which was the sixth cloudless day of a remarkably tranquil week, atmospherically considered. Farmer Dunn felt clated, because he had said we were going to have fair weather. weather.

There will be more of it to-day, and maybe the mercury will climb higher.

Comstock Seizes 606 Books. Anthony Comstock raided the New York Publishing Company at 1,307 Broadway on Tuesday last, and arrested Charles M. Johnson, the proprietor. He seized 606 books, which are said to be obscene. Johnson, who is 28 years old and lives at Bigtheburn, L. L., was held in \$600 ball yesterday in the Tombs

The high pressure still holds sway ever the country east of the Misslasippi, the centre resting over Virginia and the Carolinas. It created warmer, fair weather yesterday in the middle Atlantic and New England

West of the Mississippi the conditions are unsettled. The storm which was over Kanssa and Nebraska base been squeezed northward over the Dakotas and Minne-sota, gradually losing energy. Eain and cloudy weather have prevailed from Texas to the Dakotas and Minne note. It was warmer everywhere except in Montane.
Fair and warmer weather is likely to continue in the
middle Atlantic States over Sunday.
It was clear and warmer in this ulty yesterday; high-

est official temperature, 78°, the highest on record for Oct. 4 except in 1883, when 80° was reached; lewest temperature, 53°; humidity, 70 per cent.; wind southwester y; average velocity, 8 miles an hour.

WASHINGTON FOREGAST FOR SATURDAY.
For New England, fair; West Winds; slighly coeler in southern Maine and eastern Massachusetts for contern New York, eastern Fenneylpania. New Jersey, and Delaware, fair; southwest winds; slightly cooler in south

For the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia ginia.

For West Virginia, weatern New York, western Penn-

sylvania, and Ohio, fair; south winds.

The area of low pressure over the Dakotas yesterday morning has moved slowly to the northeastward had now covers northern Minnesota. The pressure has in-creased over South Dakots and Nebraska and in the region north of Montana, and it is less in all other dis

Woke Up in Time to See the Burglar Bus. tricts. The area of high pressure continues over the Atlantic coast States and is apparently dritting slowly to the southward, the barometer having fallen from 0.1 to 0.2 of an inch on the Atlantic coast. Pair weather continues to the east of the Mississippi, and the weather is clearing from Texas northward to Baketa but ram has prevailed in the Mississippi Val ley and from the dulf ceast northward to Munesota, the rainfall being unusually heavy in northeastern Texas. It is warmer in New England and the middle Atlantic states, and from the Missouri Valley west ward over the Recay Mountains. It is colder in the Mississippi Valley and Montains and on the Pacific coast, the temperature being below freezing north of Montains.